Highest Climb on Record. If Lenin Dies. Binding Foreheads. Have You \$48.78?

By ARTHUR BRISBANE.

Sepyright, 1922 The Englishmen have gone up the great peak, Mt. Everest, in the Himalayas, 26,800 feethigher than men had ever climbed on this earth. They made the trip without artificial supplies of oxygen. Later they will try for the top. You know the rough surface of an orange. In proportion to the size of the orange as compared with the earth, a microbe crawling to the top of one of those roughnesses on the orange would go up much higher than those that climbed Mt. Everest. We are microbes crawling around

Lenin is dying—at least, doctors think so. His speech is gone, following a stroke. That stroke came after inflammation of the stomach, the trouble that killed Napoleon. Both men made the same mistake, working at a constant and terrific mental and physical pace, straining the blood vessels in the brain by exaggerated demand for blood

Another chapter will open in Russian history, with Lenin gone. Trotsky will rule Russia, as absolute dictator, if he chooses, having the army under him. Hitherto, Lenin, a Slav, has held the highest power. That passes now to a Jew. More than half the ruling minds in Russia are Jewish, and the government will now become an experiment in Jewish constructive power in government, far more important than could possibly be made under English mandate in Palestine. In watching the experiment, remember that no men ever undertook a more desperately difficult task.

General Fing, Chinese Christian, and ruler of Hunan province, issues an order forbidding the binding of girls' feet. Good Christian idea. The next step is to free the girls' minds. There more binding of brains than feet on this earth, and China has no monopoly of either.

government crisis in Japan is caused by dissatisfaction with the public school sys-Not enough spent on schools, too much on war, say the people, and the government

bead goes down.

"Japan is obsessed with a mania for knowledge," says the

It's a good mania; this country would be better off for a little more of it. Long ago a Talmudic writer said: "Jerusalem fell because the schools were neglected."

In proportion to what we know and the wealth we have, this country has the worst chool system, the most shameful illiteracy.

The amount of cash in cir culation in this country for every inhabitant is \$48.78. Some have rather more than the aver-

restless theorist asks: "Why does the Government pay interest on money when it alone has the power to make it?" A difficult question for the unlearned, but there are some countries - Russia, Germany, Austria-printing money very rapidly. But its value decreases as it is printed." Does seem however, that this nation might safely print a few billions to

be paid off at its leisure, without going into bankruptcy. If collateral is needed, we might use those European gold loans—that we shall probably never collect. What's the real difference between printing

onds and printing money?

At the British grand court performance everybody was shining in gems and gold-lace magnificence except the German Ambassador, who used to be the most glittering and shiny of all. The Germans, like the Americans, have passed the glittering stage officially. The British will do

likewise some day. William Allen White says it is outrageous to bribe little boys to take dogs to the pound to be killed for 25 cents each. It is outrageous, not on account of the stray dogs, which are better dead, but because of the effect on the boys. White says: "A boy who would take a stray dog to the pound is too mean to live him-He is not as "mean" as a that permits children to be und up in the child labor nd. And what of the man who keeps a dog that every day frightens children—satisfied because that dog licks his owner's est. Too much sentiment for ogs not enough for children.

The Russians are opening tombs of the czars, taking from the dusty bodies magnificent jewels and gold ornaments. "Sacrilege!" is the cry. But it does not hurt those dead czars, and you must allow for revolutionary excitement. The French not only ang up bodies, but threw the old kings into open ditches, out of sheer hatred. Even the gallant Henry IV, after being exposed to public gaze — remarkably well preserved—was tossed in the ditch. The Russians are opening

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(Closing Wall Street Prices)

THREE CENTS EVERYWHERE

LE DETECTOR FREES MURDER SUSPECT

Blood Pressure Device Applied as Man Tells Version of Killing.

By ELUIS H. MARTIN.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 10. Science had today cleared Henry Wilkens of suspicion of connection with his wife's murder.

The "Lie detector," scientifically known as the sphygmemanomometer, or blood pressure machine, proclaims that he told the truth concerning her death. Shot By Bandit.

Returning from a day's outing last Sunday evening, an automobile containing three bandits crowded the Wilkins car to the curb. One of the bandits flourished a revolver, and Wilkins gave him \$300 in \$100 bills.

The bandit, Wilkins said, attempt ed to take rings from his wife's hands, and as he reached for a gun to protect her the bandit fired, but Mrs. Wilking flung berself in front of her husband and died instantly.
Their six-year-old son corroborated

this story.
To ascertain whether Wilkins was telling the truth he was subjected to the lie detector test.

The machine, a formidable affair, through the medium of the blood the neart, and the respiration was atached to his person. He submitted willingly to the test, and after a se-ries of questions designed to set him at ease, was asked:

"Did you know in advance any thing of the hold-up?"
"No," came the steady answer, and rding stylus recorded only a

normal flutter "The truth," the observers whis-"Did you hire any persons to con

mit this murder?" he was asked.

Again came the firm answer "No," and again the recording stylus indi-cated he had told the truth. The test was conducted by Dr. John A. Larson, Berkeley police de-

partment criminologist, who invented the "lie detector," and Chief of Poice Daniel O'Brien. Both expressed satisfaction today with the tests and their belief that Wilkins has told the

HARDING THINKING OVER

GEORGIA JUDGESHIP President Harding will have before him today the recommendation of Attorney General Daugherty for the appointment of a successor to the late Judge Beverly D. Evans for the

southern district of Georgia. The names of several Georgia Democrats were considered, but it is cointee, it is understood, will be sent to the Senate without delay. Congestion of the dockets in the Georgia Federal courts will cause the Presi-lent to press for early confirmation.

\$15,000 YEARLY ASKED TO

SUPPORT 10 YEAR-OLD BOY For the support of a ten-year-old boy \$15,000 a year is asked in a petition filed yesterday in Probate Court by Joseph J. O'Donoghue 3rd. ancillary letters of guardianship

for ancillary letters of guardianship for the boy. The youngster is Joseph J. Donogue 4th.

The child is a son of Mrs. Mildred T. O'D. Miler, who died in November of last year. It is said that the youngster will receive \$600,000 following the death of an aunt. He will also receive a \$10,000 life insurance policy. ance policy.

HOW TO GET **PUPILS**



TIMES WANT ADS QUICKEST FOR RESULTS

To Enter College
Skipe Lower Grades And In Start In At Columbia.

British O. K. Revised Irish Pact



ROSE REEVE.

Eleven-year-old Chicago girl, who has skipped the lower grades in grammar school to matriculate at Columbia University. Rose and her father are now in New York to make arrangements for her to start her studies at the Columbia Law School next September. A year's course at the Western University, of London, Ontario, is about all the orthodox schooling Rose has had. Rose's sister, Birdie, fourteen years old, won a typewriting contest by handling an average of 185 words a minute.

Kato Admits Defensive Step Is To Repel Possible Attack by U. S.

By International News Service, Japan has adopted an aviation policy which contemplates construction of a sufficiently large said that the appointment will go to air force to repel any attack by aircraft of the United States using Hawaii as a base, accord-

ing to advices here today.

The policy is predicated on the fact that Hawaii is excluded from the so-called Pacific fortifications agreement of the naval treaty by which the powers consent to maintain the status quo in the fortifi-cations of their insular posses-

Kato Admits Menace of Attack. The official view of the Government on this question was divulged by Admiral Baron Kato, minister of marine and head of the Japanese of marine and head of the Japanese delegation to the Arms Conference, in response to criticisms from the opposition. The Baron admitted the exclusion of Hawsii from the agreement laid Japan open to the possibility of an American strack by air from Hawaii.

Should such an attack be made, however, Japan will be prepared with an overwhelmingly superior air force, the Baron declared.

Secretary of War Weeks today was inclined to make light of the

was inclined to make light of the reported Japanese fears. Weeks Minimizes Peril. "Hawaii is a long way from Japan," the Secretary said, "and though great progress has been made in the science of military aviation, I should a y it would be a long time before such an aerial expedition as that spoken of would be feasible. At the same time, it is only fair to say that if it were, an attack on Hawaii from Japan would be equily feasible."

TIMIN JUDGE ROBERT TERRELL

IS SLIGHTLY IMPROVED The condition of Judge-Robert H. Terrell, of the Municipal Court, who has been confined to his home at 1615 T street, northwest, for the last eight days with an attack of incessant hiccough is slightly improved to ay, according to his at-

ending physicians. Judge Terrell has been growing weak from the attack but his physicians hope that with signs of improvement appearing he will regain strength and will soon recover There are three experts in attendance on the patient.

U. S. RENTS DROPPING AS

BUILDING BOOM GAINS New building operations over the United States are helping to cut high rentals and absorb surplus labor supply, according to reports

to the Commerce Department. Spring operations have far ceeded those of last year both in residential and industrial building onstruction. In some localities the building booms have created a scar-city in skilled labor among the building trades.

GIRL WITH WOODEN LEG HELD AS STOCKING THIEF

CHICAGO, June 10 .- Miss Vera Lamb, seventeen, possessor of two wooden legs, was held by juvenile court authorities on charge of the theft of a pair of silk stockings. Both of the girl's limbs were rozen when she was a girl, making butation necessary.

CANNIBALISM BLAMED

FOR DEATH OF 3 GIRLS LONDON, June 10.—Cannibalism was reported today from Kenya, formerly British East Africa. A Central News dispatch from Nairobi said that the disappearance of a number of young girls is believed to have been cleared up by the arrest of three natives charged with cannibalism.

ABE MITCHELL VICTOR IN 1,000 GUINEAS MATCH

LONDON, June 10.—Abe Mitchell today won the 1,000 guineas golf tournament at Glen Eagles, defeating Ted Ray, two up and one to go.

Harding Home Again.

The Secretary pointed out that the siand of Midway is practically the morning from his two-day trip to Raritan and Princeton, N. J. He had no engagements on his calendar today except the Catherine Hughes weedling late this afternoon.

TO SAVE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL

Favor Subsidy, Says Julius Barnes.

By EDWIN J. CLAPP. NEW YORK, June 10 The commercial interests of the coun-

lon of Julius H. Barnes, President cent Arthur Graffith's draft of the United States Chamber of Commerce. Mr. Barnes was United States Wheat Director during the war and is the leading grain exporter in the country. grain exporter in the country.

sary safeguard for our commercial advancement, according to the de-liberate judgment of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States The opinion of the membership has taken repeatedly over the ten years of the chamber's existence. "On each occasion and under conditions varying between the difficult days of 1915 and present activities of the Administration and Congress. organizations has been unmistakable, that the national interest requires an adequate American mer chant marine. Moreover, it must be privately owned and privately

"Judgment about the method by which such a marine may be maintained has been expressed with equal frequency and with the same diffniteness. There must be aid ably will be published in Dublin on the Government. Without such aid there cannot be equalization of competitive opportunity upon (Continued on Page 2, Column 2.)

MEXICANS ANNIHILATE REBEL FORCE OF TWENTY

MEXICO CITY, June 10 .- Feder al troops are waging a campaign with no quarter against rebels in ed today.

A war office dispatch from Monterey said that Gen. Andres Fig-ueroa, federal communander in Nuevleon, surrounded and annihilated a rebel force of twenty men under Isidro Gaono, which had been raiding and looting ranches. The hour. The rebels were poorly

New Conditions Made by Collins-De Valera Coalition.

By DAVID M. CHURCH,

LONDON, June 10.-The Brit-

their opposition to clauses which had been inserted at the instance "An adequate merchant marine of Eamon de Valera and his Reresident of the Dail Eireann. Acceptance Conditional.

Premier Lloyd George asserted that Britain's acceptance was conditional, depending upon approval by Dublin leaders of the constitutional revisions drawn up during the Lon-

don negotiations.

The British signatories of the Irish treaty met first, after which they conferred with the Irish delegates at Premier Lloyd George's office in Downing street.

Will Be Known Monday.

At the Downing street confere Britain was represented by Premier Lloyd George, Colonial Secretary Winston Churchill, and Sir Gordon Stewart, attorney general of England.

The text of the constitution prob Monday. According to Downing street sources, the constitution provides for allegiance of residents of the Irish Free State to the British

Ulster Border Quiet.

BELFAST, June 10.—Quiet was reported from the Ulster frontier toay. British troops are still holding Belieek and Pettigo in the south-western part of Ulster province. Sniping has been reported at some points south of the line. Incendiaries were active in Bel-

fast during the night. A whole block of buildings were set afire in Albert street and three of them were gutted. A number of flax mills in county Derry were burned. fight took place near Laguana de mills in county Derry were burned. Sanchez and lasted only half an A police station in Chichester street, this city, was bombed, but no one

"Advertising Works While You Rest"

day is blazing new trails in the merchandising areas of

the NEW WASHINGTON; and gradually but surely

there has developed a magnificent responsiveness to

Alert business men are active participants in the very

And how keenly alert are these business men to the

things that advertising in The Washington Times is

possibilities offered through the columns of THE SAT-

URDAY TIMES! Half holidays, week-end relaxations,

recreations are with us. No time—no day—when newspaper readers can scan advertisements with greater interest. They have the time; they have the inclination.

Read these important announcements today.

the messages of Washington merchants.

most able to do-increase retail buying.

Advertising in The Washington Times from day to

Hearst Eulogizes Barham, Publisher Who Died Abroad

PARIS, June 10.—Guy Brinton Barham, one of the ablest newspaper men in the United States and one of the most sincere democrats in the broadest sense of the term, died yesterday in Lon-don.

don.

His death will be a genuine loss to the public whom he sincerely served, and will leave a gap in the ranks of those journalists of high order who fully feel the seriousness of their duties and responsibilities to the public.

His newspaper, the Los Angeles Herald, is one of the most powerful and most successful in the whole United States, and its power and success are due entirely and success are due entirely to his personality and jour-

to his personality and jour-nalistic genius.

Mr. Barham's career was closely identified with the growth and development of the wonderful city of Los Angeles. He was interested in every measure which ad-vanced his city and benefit-ed his country. He gave the aid of his powerful personaid of his powerful person-ality and that of his great newspaper to every cause which promoted the interests of his public, and in innu-merable cases his was the influence which decided the success of such public enter-

His father was an early Californian who held public office and upheld law and order in the early days of the State. From his father he inherited his allegiance to

that true democracy which means public welfare. The Barham family came originally from England, and the Barham name is a familiar one in Kent and Sussex. In England, the home of his ancestors, Mr. Barham died, but his remains will be transported to California, the land of his birth and of his whole-hearted devotion.

A powerful patriotic fig-

ure has gone out of American life, but his influence will be perpetuated and his carried forward through the medium of the great paper he founded.
WILLIAM BANDOLPH HEARST

For news of Mr. Barham's death, see Page 3.

To Lay New Cables.

New submarine cables, each car rying three telephone conductors and one telegraph, will be laid soon be-Norway and Denmark, connecting Denmark with German lines,

Children's Guardians over child wards of the District. The fight centers on the point that minors cannot

Rafter.

authority.'

be prosecuted in criminal court action, as they are not legally respon-sible. The Mothers' Congress has been striving for years to remove District children from the category of the adult criminal. To this end representatives of the women's organizations are today meeting with Judge Willis Brown, well-known authority on juvenile court laws, and with other legal advisors.

A decision which is expected to

Mrs. Giles Scott Rafter De-

clares Citizens Are Tired of

Continual Buck Passing.

ers and Parent-Teachers' Asso-

ciation will carry into court the Wisconsin Avenue Industrial Home School affair, if the Board

Children's Guardians persists in its efforts to close the school by July 1.

This declaration was made today

by Mrs. Giles Scott Rafter, wh

with other officials of the mothers'

organization, is preparing data pre-

iminary to the proposed court ac

united in the affort to keep open this splendid institution," said Mrs.

united than ever. The children at the school are not those of Europe or Asia—they are our own District

of Columbia little ones! Their wel-

fare is at stake, and we are going to protect them!

"The mothers are tired—have been tired for years of this eternal 'passing the buck' in the District

government. No one will admit

authority over the actions of the responsible body, and I think that a test case will serve to fix this

Authority to Be Determined.

ing to determine the relative power of the District Commissioners, the

Board of Charities and the Board of

Many agencies are now endeavor-

"The mothers of the city are

"They are more strongly

Washington mothers repre sented in the Congress of Moth-

have important bearing on the case was made today by District Corporation Counsel Francis H. Stephens, who stated in an opinion that the District Commissioners should be given the power of appointment of members of the Board of Children's Guardians.

Judges Appoint Board.

Under the present law, the board is appointed by judges of the local criminal courts. These officials, however, when questioned by members of the Mothers' Congress, gave the impression that they were not responsible for the actions of the guardians' board. Ag the same reply had been afforded by the Commissioners and by the Board of Charities, the conclusion was that the Board of Children's Guardians, while subject to appeal to the conclusion. while subject to appointment by a well-defined force, was not to be held accountable for its activities by any-

Mr. Stephens pointed out that the Commissioners have authority to order the Board of Charities to investigate the Guarian Board's work, but "are clothed with no suthority to take any action upon any such investigation nor with authority to correct any conditions that they may find existing."

Mr. Stephens also declared that the Commissioners should be vested with power of appointment of members of the Board of Charities. He stated that the President should not be expected or asked to devete any of his time to a purely local matter of this character.

In his report of what control the District Commissioners have over Mr. Stephens pointed out that the